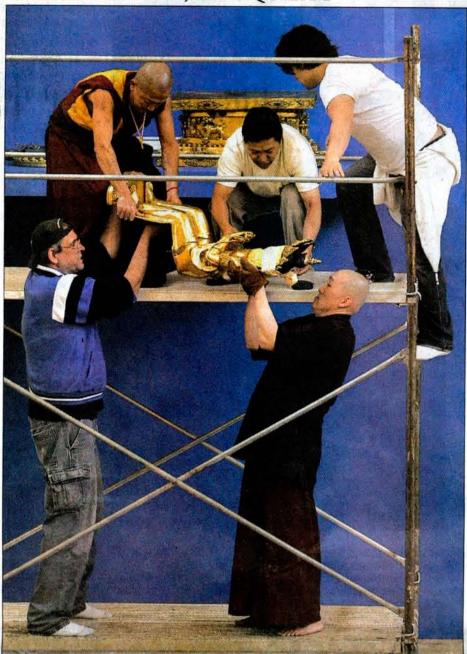
METRO

Information technology: Committee pushes for more oversight of state pushes Animal remains: 50 dead goats discovered in Washington County over 2 Obituary: Jeffrey Olson was costume manager at the Skylight. 5

A SITE FOR PEACE, TRANQUILITY



JOE KOSHOLLEK / JKOSHOLLEK@JOURNALSENTINEL.COM

The Deer Park Buddhist Center monks and volunteers lift the statue of Maitreya the Future Buddha into place in the new \$6.1 million temple. The Dalai Lama, Tibet's exiled spiritual leader, arrived Wednesday to bless the new temple.

Building a home for spirituality

Dalai Lama on hand to bless new temple

By TOM HEINEN

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Town of Dunn - Power tools whined as work continued on a new \$6.1 million Tibetan temple amid preparations for Wednesday's arrival of the Dalai Lama at Deer Park Buddhist Center and Monastery near Madison. Inside the residence of the founding ab-

bot and director, tranquility prevailed.

Geshe Lhundub Sopa, 84, breathed gently into his upturned hands.

It was a simple response to a deeply nuanced question.

What does the Buddhist monk think as he looks at his life's journey? Exiled since the Chinese invaded Tibet in 1959, he taught at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, trained many professors who now teach Buddhism elsewhere and saw Deer Park's growth parallel a rising in-Please see TEMPLE, 5B



The Dalai Lama, who is making his sixth visit to the University of Wisconsin-Madison, will give a sold-out talk at the Kohl Center on Friday. Walk-up tickets are available for his Buddhist teachings at the Veterans Memorial Coliseum at 9:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. today and 9:30 a.m. Friday. Tickets are \$44 and \$32 per session, with discounts for children, students and senior citizens.

Deer Park Buddhist Center, near Madison.

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Buddhist center thrives

terest in various Buddhist traditions in the United States and abroad. Sopa used his breath and

hands to simulate mist on the surface of a mirror. It spreads quickly but soon fades. That, he said, will not hap-

pen at Deer Park, a repository for sacred Tibetan texts, a center for preserving Tibetan culture, a seat of learning whose teachers draw people from the U.S. and abroad.

"I am very, very happy here," Sopa said. "It benefited so many people. Buddhism teaches something special — love, compassion,

sincerity. Although we have many centers, sometimes the centers may disappear. People here are not like that. Originating in India 2,500 years ago, Buddhism has

spread with cultural varia-

tions as a religion and a phi-

losophy. Milwaukee has sev-

eral centers and meditation groups with Asian immi-grants and Western converts. There are at least 1.5 mil-

lion Buddhists in the U.S., making it the country's fourth-largest religion, according to www.adherents. com and the American Religious Identification Survey by the Graduate Center of the City University of New York.

Only 28% of adults who identified themselves as Buddhist reported being affiliated with a temple. Then there are the people who meditate without embracing Buddhism's moral teachings and non-theistic spiritual awakening as a faith.

"The groups that I know of are expanding," said Janet Gyatso, Hershey professor of Buddhist studies at Harvard Divinity School, co-chair-woman of the American Academy of Religion's Buddhism section and past president of the International Association of Tibetan Studies. "There's a younger generation. For a while, we thought

What is the appeal?

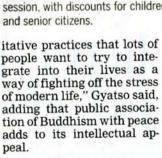
'I think it's a certain idea

about simplicity, directness,

the attraction of devout med-

that's true now."

it was just the baby boomers, sort of the hippie generation, and when they grew old, the next generation wouldn't follow them. But I don't think



Finding inner peace Ani Jampa, 36, a Buddhist

nun and Sopa's administrative assistant, grew up in

"Although we have many centers, sometimes the centers may disappear. People here are not like that." Geshe Lhundub Sopa,

Deer Park Buddhist Center Milwaukee's North Shore

suburbs as Alicia Vogel. She got interested in Buddhism while living with Tibetan refugees in India and studying Tibetan painting for an art history degree from Colorado College. She came to UW-Madison to study under Sopa for a master's in South Asian studies. "Since my initial exposure

to Buddhist ideas, I felt the sense of wanting to develop the qualities that I was learn-

ing about to bring about

greater peace and happiness

in myself and other beings

around me," said Jampa, a

novice nun with a shaved head. "I felt a very strong personal commitment to the spiritual path.'

The Dalai Lama, Tibet's exiled spiritual and political leader, stays at Deer Park during visits. He sent Sopa to the U.S. from India in 1962 to introduce Tibetan culture, religion and philosophy. Seen as one of the Tibetan

Buddhist tradition's great living spiritual masters, Sopa taught at UW-Madison for 30 years. Deer Park has blossomed since Sopa founded it on a 13-

acre site near Oregon in the There are five Tibetan monks, with three more Three American

coming. Three American women have become Buddhist nuns. Capacity crowds of 70 are at Sopa's 10 a.m. Sunday teachings in the enclosed pa-

vilion that serves as a temple. His first teaching in the new temple will be Sunday. The new, nearly 20,000square-foot temple — which was designed by Jampa's brother, Eric Vogel of Mil-

waukee — is expected to expand participation. Intended to look like a centuries-old Tibetan temple using modern construction techniques, it reflects the center's goal of preserving Tibetan culture, which is threatened by Chinese occupation, Vogel said.

